THE NORTH WEST COMPANYINC.

Report to Shareholders

Quarterly Period Ended April 30, 2016



2016 FIRST OUARTER REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

Report to Shareholders

The North West Company Inc. reports its results for the first quarter ended April 30, 2016. Sales increased 6.0% to \$439.0 million compared to the first quarter last year led by food same store sales growth, the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations sales and one extra day of sales as a result of February 29. Consolidated sales, excluding the impact of foreign exchange, increased 3.7% and were up 2.0% on a same store basis.

First quarter net earnings increased 13.3% to \$17.8 million and diluted earnings per share were \$0.36 per share compared to \$0.32 per share last year led by earnings growth in International Operations, the impact of foreign exchange and a lower effective tax rate. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, net earnings increased 8.9% compared to last year.

The Board of Directors has approved a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share to shareholders of record on June 30, 2016.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

H. Sanford Riley Chairman Edward S. Kennedy
President and Chief Executive Officer

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Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following Management's Discussion & Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended April 30, 2016 and the audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the 2015 Annual Report. The first quarter of 2016 had 90 days of operations compared to 89 days of operation in the first quarter of 2015 as a result of February 29. The estimated impact of this extra day has been deducted from the reported same store sales for the quarter.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

First quarter consolidated sales increased 6.0% to \$439.0 million driven by food same store sales gains, the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations sales and one extra day of sales in the quarter as a result of February 29. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, consolidated sales increased 3.7% and were up 2.0% on a same store basis. Food sales increased 4.6% and were up 2.8% on a same store basis with all banners contributing to the sales growth. General merchandise sales increased 0.5% but were down 2.0% on a same store basis as sales growth from International Operations was largely offset by weaker sales performance in Canada.

The table below shows the first quarter sales blend for the past two years:

	2016	2015
Food	81.1%	80.3%
General merchandise	15.8%	16.3%
Other*	3.1%	3.4%

^{*} Other sales includes fuel, fur and financial service charge revenues

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis
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Earnings from operations increased 8.2% to \$25.6 million compared to \$23.7 million last year. Gross profit dollars were up 6.5% driven by sales growth, the impact of foreign exchange and a 14 basis point increase in the gross profit rate compared to last year. Selling, operating and administrative expenses increased 6.1% and were up 3 basis points as a percentage to sales. This increase was due in part to higher store-based payroll costs in Canadian Operations and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations expenses. Higher amortization expense related to an increase in capital investments in Top Markets and the impact of new stores were also factors. These factors were partially offset by a decrease in share-based compensation costs and lower fuelrelated utility costs in International Operations. Further information on share-based compensation expense is provided in Note 9 and Note 12 to the 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, earnings from operations increased 4.5% to last year.

Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA²) increased 9.3% to \$37.6 million led by EBITDA gains in International Operations and the impact of foreign exchange. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, EBITDA was up 6.3% compared to last year and as a percentage to sales was 8.7% compared to 8.5% last year.

Income tax expense decreased \$0.5 million to \$6.1 million and the consolidated effective tax rate was 25.4% compared to 29.4% last year. The decrease in the effective tax rate is due to the blend of earnings in International Operations across the various lower tax rate jurisdictions and the impact of non-taxable share-based compensation costs in Canadian Operations.

Net earnings increased 13.3% to \$17.8 million and diluted earnings per share were \$0.36 per share compared to \$0.32 per share last year led by earnings growth in International Operations, the impact of foreign exchange and a lower effective tax rate. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, net earnings increased 8.9% compared to last year.

CANADIAN OPERATIONS

Canadian Operations sales increased 4.5% to \$265.9 million compared to \$254.5 million last year and were up 2.4% on a same store basis as food sales growth more than offset weaker general merchandise sales. Food sales increased 6.1% and were up 3.7% on a same store basis with all banners contributing to the increase. Food inflation was approximately 3.9% in the quarter. General merchandise sales decreased 0.1% from last year and were down 2.8% on a same store basis compared to a 7.2% same store sales increase last year largely due to the impact of clearance sales in northern markets in the first quarter last year. The impact of cool spring weather in southern markets was also a factor.

Gross profit dollars increased 4.8% driven by food sales growth in higher margin food service categories, partially offset by price investments in non-perishable categories. Selling, operating and administrative expenses increased 7.0% compared to last year and were up 57 basis points as a percentage to sales. The increase in expenses was due in part to higher store-based payroll costs as we continue to invest in new roles to support our Top Categories initiative and higher amortization costs related to capital investments in our Top Markets. Partially offsetting these costs was lower share-based compensation expenses related to a decrease in the Company's share price in the quarter.

Canadian EBITDA $^{(2)}$ increased 1.9% to \$24.8 million compared to \$24.4 million last year as the impact of sales growth was largely offset by the cost factors noted above. EBITDA as a percentage to sales was 9.3% compared to 9.6% last year.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS (stated in U.S. dollars)

International Operations sales increased 2.1% to \$130.4 million compared to \$127.8 million in the first quarter last year and were up 1.2% on a same store basis led by sales gains in our Cost-U-Less ("CUL") banner. Food sales increased 2.0% and were up 1.2% on a same store basis with both Alaska and CUL stores contributing to the increase. General merchandise sales increased 2.8% and were up 1.4% on a same store basis driven by strong sales in our CUL stores.

Gross profit dollars increased 3.3% compared to last year driven by sales growth and an improvement in the gross profit rate due in part to a more favourable product sales blend and better product sourcing. Selling, operating and administrative expenses decreased 1.5% and were down 76 basis points as a percentage to sales due in part to lower fuel-related utility costs in both AC and CUL markets and lower incentive plan costs.

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

EBITDA⁽²⁾ increased 19.6% to \$9.6 million compared to \$8.0 million last year and as a percentage to sales was 7.4% compared to 6.3% in the first quarter last year due to sales growth, gross profit rate improvement and well controlled expenses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Financial Ratios

The Company's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the first quarter was 0.67:1 compared to 0.63:1 last year. The debt-to-equity ratio at January 31, 2016 was 0.63:1.

Working capital increased \$12.3 million or 6.8% compared to the first quarter last year due to an increase in cash and inventories partially offset by an increase in accounts payable. The increase in cash is due to higher cash on-hand and timing of deposits. Inventories increased from last year due in part to new stores and a higher investment in Top Categories such as motor sports. Partially offsetting these factors is higher accounts payable and accrued liabilities largely related to inventory purchases. The impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations assets and liabilities was also a factor.

Outstanding Shares

The weighted-average basic shares outstanding for the quarter were 48,523,000 shares compared to 48,499,000 shares last year. The increase in basic shares outstanding is due to share options exercised. The weighted-average fully diluted shares outstanding for the quarter were 49,036,000 shares compared to 48,805,000 shares last year. The increase in fully diluted shares outstanding compared to last year is due to options granted under the Share Option Plan and shares granted under the Director Deferred Share Unit Plan. Further information on the Share Option Plan and the Director Deferred Share Unit Plan is provided in Note 6 and Note 12 to the Company's 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes the major components of cash flow:

	Three	Months	Thre	e Months		
		Ended		Ended		
\$ in thousands	April 3	30, 2016	Apri	l 30, 2015	C	hange
Cash flows provided by (used in):						
Operating activities	\$	6,378	\$	12,009	\$	(5,631)
Investing activities		(10,302)		(9,378)		(924)
Financing activities		2,976		(5,262)		8,238
Effect of foreign exchange on cash		(1,247)		(267)		(980)
Net change in cash	\$	(2,195)	\$	(2,898)	\$	703

Cash flow from operating activities in the quarter decreased \$5.6 million to \$6.4 million compared to cash flow from operating activities of \$12.0 million last year. The decrease is due to the change in non-cash working capital largely related to the change in inventory and accounts payable compared to the prior year. The change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is due in part to a decrease in accrued incentive plan and share-based compensation costs compared to last year. The \$0.8 million loss on disposal of property and equipment is primarily related to the write-off of our store in Pelican Narrows, Saskatchewan that was destroyed by fire.

⁽¹⁾ Excluding foreign exchange impact

⁽²⁾ See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

Cash used for investing activities in the quarter increased to \$10.3 million compared to \$9.4 million last year largely due to capital expenditures as part of the Company's Top Markets initiative. Further information on planned capital expenditures is included in the Outlook section.

Cash from financing activities in the guarter was \$3.0 million compared to cash used in financing activities of \$5.3 million last year. The net change in long-term debt in the quarter is related to changes in amounts drawn on the Company's revolving loan facilities compared to last year. Further information on long-term debt is provided in the Sources of Liquidity section and in Note 8 to the Company's 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

Sources of Liquidity

In March 2016, the Company completed the refinancing of the \$200.0 million loan facilities in the Canadian Operations maturing December 31, 2018. The new increased, committed, revolving loan facilities provide up to \$300.0 million for working capital and general business purposes. The facilities mature on April 29, 2021, are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70.0 million senior notes and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations. At April 30, 2016, the Company had drawn \$137.9 million on these facilities (April 30, 2015 - \$85.4 million).

The Canadian Operations also have US\$70.0 million senior notes that mature on June 16, 2021. The senior notes have a fixed interest rate of 3.27% on US\$55.0 million and a floating interest rate on US\$15.0 million based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread payable semiannually. The senior notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank paripassu with the \$300.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations.

In March 2016, the Company completed the refinancing of the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations maturing December 31, 2018. The new committed, revolving loan facilities of US\$52.0 million mature April 29, 2021 and bear interest at U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. These facilities are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70.0 million senior notes and the \$300.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities. At April 30, 2016, the Company had not drawn on these facilities (April 30, 2015 - US\$26.0 million).

The International Operations also have a US\$40.0 million committed, revolving loan facility for working capital and general business purposes. This loan facility, which matures October 31, 2020, bears a floating rate of interest based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread and is secured by certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. At April 30, 2016, the Company had drawn US\$5.7 million on these facilities (April 30, 2015 - US\$2.8 million).

The loan facilities and senior notes contain covenants and restrictions including the requirement to meet certain financial ratios and financial condition tests. The financial covenants include a fixed charge coverage ratio, minimum current ratio, a leverage test and a minimum net worth test. At April 30, 2016, the Company is in compliance with the financial covenants under these facilities. Current and forecasted debt levels are regularly monitored for compliance with debt covenants. Further information on the Company's longterm debt and loan facilities is provided in Note 8 to the Company's 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cash flow from operating activities and unutilized capacity available on existing loan facilities are expected to be sufficient to fund operating requirements, pension plan contributions, sustaining and planned growth-related capital expenditures as well as anticipated dividends during 2016.

SHAREHOLDER DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share to shareholders of record on June 30, 2016, to be paid on July 15, 2016.

The payment of dividends on the Company's common shares are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and is based on, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the Canada Business Corporations Act (CBCA) for the declaration of dividends. The dividends are designated as eligible dividends in accordance with the provisions of the Canadian Income Tax Act.

OTHER HIGHLIGHTS

- An agreement in principle was reached to acquire the majority of shares of Roadtown Wholesale Limited ("RTW"). RTW operates the largest retail food chain in the British Virgin Islands. Completion of this transaction is subject to the finalization of definitive share purchase agreements and various approvals.
- A Top Market project was completed in Waskaganish, Quebec.
- A Northern Pharmacy was opened in Arviat, Nunavut.

STRATEGY

The Company is building a stronger store network with better product and service solutions that in turn, help our customers live better and help our business to grow consistently within all economic environments. From an investor standpoint, the Company is committed to delivering sustainable, superior total returns with a commitment to downside risk management, the disciplined allocation of capital, cash flow optimization and dividend growth.

The Company's specific focus areas for the next three years are set out below:

- 1. Accelerating investment in the Company's "Top Markets", our largest and highest sales and profit potential locations, is expected to generate higher same store earnings growth and will require more investment in store recruiting and training expense, combined with annual capital spending in the \$85 million range until 2018, with some offset from working capital efficiencies.
- 2. More selling space dedicated to "Top Categories" which offer the highest everyday convenience and service value to our customers and which can be delivered in a superior way by the Company.
- 3. Ensuring that the way we work is customer driven and store-centric through more responsive and effective support to the Company's selling activities.
- 4. Ensuring that the Company continues to invest in innovative digital and physical logistics solutions that provide a superior link to our remote markets.
- 5. Selectively investing in new market growth through store acquisitions and Giant Tiger store openings.

Further information on the Company's strategy is provided in the 2015 Annual Report.

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

OUTLOOK

As noted under the strategy section, the Company's principal focus continues to be led by its Top Markets and Top Categories initiatives. The successful execution of this work is expected to enable North West to capture market share and sales at a higher rate than general consumer income growth, while focusing on lower-risk products and services.

By region and banner, the outlook is favourable for Cost-U-Less in both the Caribbean and Pacific regions spurred by tourism and lower energy costs, subject to travel risks associated with the Zika virus. Our Alaskan markets are facing more challenging economic $conditions \, due \, to \, an \, expected \, reduction \, in \, the \, Permanent \, Fund \, Dividend \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, measures \, taken \, by \, the \, state \, government \, and \, other \, restraint \, and \, oth$ as a result of a sharp reduction in oil-based revenues. The western Canada retail environment is important for our GT business and we anticipate lower inflation within this region in 2016 compared to 2015 with modest growth in competitive selling space. In northern Canada, resource spending is expected to rebound slightly and the higher Universal Child Care Benefit ("UCCB") payments that started in July are expected to increase further under the new federal government combined Child Benefit which takes effect in July, 2016. Further economic stimulus announced in the March, 2016 Canadian Federal Budget is expected from education and infrastructure spending commitments for Canadian First Nations and northern regions. This stimulus is expected to be weighted towards 2017-2018.

Net capital expenditures for 2016 are expected to be approximately \$90.0 million (2015 - \$75.8 million), reflecting major store replacements, store renovations and investments in fixtures, equipment, staff housing and store-based warehouse expansions as part of the Company's Top Markets initiative. The Company also plans to open four Giant Tiger stores as well as complete "New Store Experience" upgrades in eight stores. In the second quarter, the Company initiated a project that will result in the implementation of a new point-of-sale and merchandise management system. This system is expected to be fully installed within 24 months and is expected to deliver gains in pricing, more effective promotions, inventory management and store productivity, all aligned with the Company's "Top" strategies. Store-based capital expenditures can be impacted by the completion of landlord negotiations, shipment of construction materials to remote markets, and weather-related delays and therefore, their actual amount and timing can fluctuate.

QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a summary of selected quarterly financial information:

Operating Results - Consolidated

	First Q	uarter	Fourth Quarter		Third Quarter		Second	Quarter
	90 days	89 days	92 days	92 days	92 days	92 days	92 days	92 days
(\$ in millions)	2016	2015	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Sales	\$ 439.0	\$ 414.0	\$ 475.2	\$ 433.5	\$ 458.0	\$ 413.5	\$ 448.7	\$ 401.1
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	37.6	34.4	35.1	33.4	43.1	37.8	38.8	36.4
Earnings from operations	25.6	23.7	23.4	23.2	32.0	27.9	28.2	26.3
Net earnings	17.8	15.7	15.2	15.0	20.7	18.4	18.1	16.9
Net earnings per share:								
Basic	0.37	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.43	0.38	0.38	0.35
Diluted	0.36	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.43	0.37	0.37	0.35

Historically, the Company's first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting the holiday selling period. Due to the remote location of many of the Company's stores, weather conditions are often more extreme compared to other retailers and can affect sales in any quarter. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on changes in merchandise sales blend, promotional activity in key sales periods, markdowns to reduce excess inventories and other factors which can affect net earnings.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company in order to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to the Company is made known to management in a timely manner so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial reports for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore even those systems determined to be designed effectively can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the control objectives. Additionally, management is necessarily required to use judgment in evaluating controls and procedures. Management used the Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission as the control framework in designing its internal controls over financial reporting. There have been no changes in the internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2016 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IMPLEMENTED in 2016

The Company implemented the amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements in 2016 with no significant impact on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. These amendments provide guidance on the application of judgment in the preparation of financial statements and disclosure.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS TO BE IMPLEMENTED

The following new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended January 31, 2017, and have not been applied in preparing the Company's 2016 first guarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently assessing the potential impacts of changes to these standards.

Financial Instruments The amended IFRS 9, Financial Instruments is a multi-phase project with the goal of improving and simplifying financial instrument reporting. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine measurement of a financial asset by both cash flow characteristics and how an entity manages financial impairment, replacing the multiple classification options in IAS 39 with three categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. Additional guidance was also issued on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, hedge accounting and a single forward-looking expected loss impairment model. It is effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2019, will be applied retrospectively and is available for early adoption.

Revenue Recognition In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The IFRS 15 standard contains a comprehensive model which specifies the criteria and timing for recognizing revenue, and also requires additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. The core principle of the standard is that revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is entitled. It is effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2019, will be applied retrospectively and is available for early adoption.

Leases In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases which replaces the current guidance in IAS 17 for operating and finance lease accounting. This standard requires lessees to recognize a lease liability representing the obligation for future lease payments and a right-of-use asset in the consolidated balance sheets for substantially all lease contracts, initially measured at the present value of unavoidable lease payments. These changes are effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2020, with early adoption permitted provided IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers is also applied.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

(1) Earnings Before Interest, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) is not a recognized measure under IFRS. Management believes that in addition to net earnings, EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure as it provides investors with an indication of the Company's operational performance before allocating the cost of interest, income taxes and capital investments. Investors should be cautioned however, that EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Company's performance. The Company's method of calculating EBITDA may differ from other companies and may not be comparable to measures used by other companies.

A reconciliation of consolidated net earnings to EBITDA is provided below:

	First Quarter				
(\$ in thousands)	2016	2015			
Net earnings	\$ 17,794 \$	15,699			
Add: Amortization	12,027	10,758			
Interest expense	1,757	1,446			
Income taxes	6,062	6,533			
EBITDA	\$ 37,640 \$	34,436			

For EBITDA information by business segment, see Note 4 to the Company's 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

Management uses this and other non-GAAP financial measures to exclude the impact of certain income and expenses that must be recognized under GAAP as the excluded amounts are not necessarily reflective of the Company's underlying operating performance and can make comparisons of financial performance between periods more difficult. The Company may exclude additional items if it believes that doing so will result in a more effective analysis and explanation of the underlying financial performance. The exclusion of these items does not imply that they are non-recurring.

Unless otherwise stated, this Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) is based on the financial information included in the Company's 2016 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to the unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and is in Canadian dollars. The information contained in this MD&A is current to June 8, 2016.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report, including Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A), contains forward-looking statements about the Company, including its business operations, strategy and expected financial performance and condition. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or include words such as "expects", "anticipates", "plans", "believes", "estimates", "intends", "targets", "projects", "forecasts" or negative versions thereof and other similar expressions, or future or conditional future financial performance (including sales, earnings, growth rates, capital expenditures, dividends, debt levels, financial capacity, access to capital, and liquidity), on-going business strategies or prospects, and possible future action by the Company. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future events and are inherently subject to, among other things, risks, uncertainties and assumptions about the Company, economic factors and the retail industry in general. They are not guarantees of future performance, and actual events and results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements made by the Company due to, but not limited to, important factors such as general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, interest and foreign exchange rates, changes in accounting policies and methods used to report financial condition, including uncertainties associated with critical accounting assumptions and estimates, the effect of applying future accounting changes, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations and legislation, changes in tax laws, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings, catastrophic events, the Company's ability to complete capital projects, strategic transactions and integrate acquisitions, the Company's ability to realize benefits from investments in information technology ("IT") and systems, including IT system implementations or unanticipated results from these initiatives and the Company's success in anticipating and managing the foregoing risks. The reader is also cautioned to consider these and other factors carefully and not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Other risks are outlined in the Risk Management section of the 2015 Annual Report and in the Risk Factors sections of the Annual Information Form and Management Information Circular. The reader is also cautioned to consider these and other factors carefully and not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Other than as specifically required by applicable law, the Company does not intend to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Additional information on the Company, including our Annual Information Form, can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on the Company's website at www.northwest.ca.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2015	January 31, 2016
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 35,048	\$ 26,231	\$ 37,243
Accounts receivable	67,935	70,912	79,373
Inventories (Note 5)	213,429	202,569	211,736
Prepaid expenses	9,700	10,447	7,229
	326,112	310,159	335,581
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	331,157	305,006	345,881
Goodwill	33,208	32,071	37,260
Intangible assets	30,523	22,127	32,610
Deferred tax assets	30,709	28,767	29,040
Other assets	11,685	11,940	13,423
	437,282	399,911	458,214
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 763,394	\$ 710,070	\$ 793,795
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 131,363	\$ 123,821	\$ 152,136
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)	_	3,438	_
Income tax payable (Note 11)	1,711	2,165	3,365
	133,074	129,424	155,501
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt (Note 8)	232,690	201,533	225,489
Defined benefit plan obligation	34,830	37,542	33,853
Deferred tax liabilities	2,261	2,250	2,630
Other long-term liabilities	14,412	12,882	18,710
	284,193	254,207	280,682
TOTAL LIABILITIES	417,267	383,631	436,183
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 6)	167,910	167,527	167,910
Contributed surplus	2,662	2,793	2,620
Retained earnings	159,416	142,161	156,664
Accumulated other comprehensive income	16,139	13,958	30,418
TOTAL EQUITY	346,127	326,439	357,612
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	\$ 763,394	\$ 710,070	\$ 793,795

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Thr	ee Months Ended	Thre	e Months Ended
(unaudited, \$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Арі	ril 30, 2016	Apri	l 30, 2015
SALES	\$	438,974	\$	414,038
Cost of sales		(313,373)		(296,155)
Gross profit		125,601		117,883
Selling, operating and administrative expenses (Notes 9, 15)		(99,988)		(94,205)
Earnings from operations		25,613		23,678
Interest expense (Note 10)		(1,757)		(1,446)
Earnings before income taxes		23,856		22,232
Income taxes (Note 11)		(6,062)		(6,533)
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	17,794	\$	15,699
NET EARNINGS PER SHARE				
Basic	\$	0.37	\$	0.32
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.32
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (000's)				
Basic		48,523		48,499
Diluted		49,036		48,805

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Thre Apri	Three Months Endec April 30, 2015		
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	17,794	\$	15,699
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:				
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings:				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries		(14,279)		(4,507)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(14,279)		(4,507)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$	3,515	\$	11,192

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Share Capital	Cont	tributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCI ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance at January 31, 2016	\$ 167,910	\$	2,620	\$ 156,664	\$ 30,418	\$ 357,612
Net earnings for the period				17,794		17,794
Other comprehensive loss				_	(14,279)	(14,279)
Comprehensive income	_		_	17,794	(14,279)	3,515
Equity settled share-based payments			42	_		42
Dividends (Note 7)	<u> </u>			(15,042)		(15,042)
	_		42	(15,042)	_	(15,000)
Balance at April 30, 2016	\$167,910	\$	2,662	\$159,416	\$ 16,139	\$346,127
		'	,		,	_
Balance at January 31, 2015	\$ 167,460	\$	2,831	\$ 140,527	\$ 18,465	\$ 329,283
Net earnings for the period		,		15,699	_	15,699
Other comprehensive loss				_	(4,507)	(4,507)
Comprehensive income	_		_	15,699	(4,507)	11,192
Equity settled share-based payments		·	(14)	_		(14)
Dividends (Note 7)	_		_	(14,065)	_	(14,065)
Issuance of common shares (Note 6)	67		(24)			43
	67		(38)	(14,065)		(14,036)
Balance at April 30, 2015	\$ 167,527	\$	2,793	\$ 142,161	\$ 13,958	\$ 326,439

⁽¹⁾ Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Thre	Three Months			
		Ended	Ended		
(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Apri	l 30, 2016	April	30, 2015	
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)					
Operating activities					
Net earnings for the period	\$	17,794	\$	15,699	
Adjustments for:					
Amortization		12,027		10,758	
Provision for income taxes (Note 11)		6,062		6,533	
Interest expense (Note 10)		1,757		1,446	
Equity settled share option expense/(recovery) (Note 12)		42		(14)	
Taxes paid		(10,084)		(10,961)	
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property and equipment		794		(88)	
		28,392		23,373	
Change in non-cash working capital		(20,661)		(10,985)	
Change in other non-cash items		(1,353)		(379)	
Cash from operating activities		6,378		12,009	
Investing activities					
Purchase of property and equipment		(9,860)		(8,448)	
Intangible asset additions		(454)		(1,066)	
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		12		136	
Cash used in investing activities		(10,302)		(9,378)	
Financing activities					
Net change in long-term debt (Note 8)		18,743		9,397	
Dividends (Note 7)		(15,042)		(14,065)	
Interest paid		(725)		(637)	
Issuance of common shares		_		43	
Cash used in financing activities		2,976		(5,262)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash		(1,247)		(267)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(2,195)		(2,898)	
Cash, beginning of period		37,243		29,129	
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	35,048	\$	26,231	

1. ORGANIZATION

The North West Company Inc. (NWC or the Company) is a corporation amalgamated under the Canada Business Corporations Act (CBCA) and governed by the laws of Canada. The Company, through its subsidiaries, is a leading retailer of food and everyday products and services. The address of its registered office is 77 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The Company has two reportable geographical segments, Canada and International. The International segment consists of wholly owned subsidiaries operating in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns.

These unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements (condensed consolidated financial statements) have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on June 8, 2016.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- (A) Statement of Compliance These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in The North West Company Inc.'s 2015 Annual Report which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).
- **(B) Basis of Measurement** The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following which are measured at fair value, as applicable:
 - Liabilities for share-based payment plans (Note 12)
 - Defined benefit pension plan
 - Assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed further in the notes to the Company's 2015 annual audited consolidated financial statements.

(C) Functional and Presentation Currency The presentation currency of the condensed consolidated financial statements is Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated, and has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are set out in the Company's 2015 annual audited consolidated financial statements. These policies have been applied to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by both the Company and its subsidiaries using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

New Standards Implemented The Company implemented the amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* in 2016 with no significant impact on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. These amendments provide guidance on the application of judgment in the preparation of financial statements and disclosure.

Future Standards and Amendments The following new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended January 31, 2017, and have not been applied in preparing these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently assessing the potential impacts of changes to these standards.

Financial Instruments The amended IFRS 9, Financial Instruments is a multi-phase project with the goal of improving and simplifying financial instrument reporting. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine measurement of a financial asset by both cash flow characteristics and how an entity manages financial impairment, replacing the multiple classification options in IAS 39 with three categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. Additional guidance was also issued on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, hedge accounting and a single forwardlooking expected loss impairment model. It is effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2019, will be applied retrospectively and is available for early adoption.

Revenue Recognition In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The IFRS 15 standard contains a comprehensive model which specifies the criteria and timing for recognizing revenue, and also requires additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. The core principle of the standard is that revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is entitled. It is effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2019, will be applied retrospectively and is available for early adoption.

Leases In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases which replaces the current guidance in IAS 17 for operating and finance lease accounting. This standard requires lessees to recognize a lease liability representing the obligation for future lease payments and a right-of-use asset in the consolidated balance sheets for substantially all lease contracts, initially measured at the present value of unavoidable lease payments. These changes are effective for the Company's financial year ending January 31, 2020, with early adoption permitted provided IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers is also applied.

There are no other IFRS or IFRIC interpretations not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes.

These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events, conditions and actions that the Company may undertake in the future and other factors that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgments by management about matters that are uncertain and changes in these estimates could materially impact the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future periods affected.

Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements include: allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, impairment of assets, goodwill and indefinite life intangible asset impairment, income taxes, and defined benefit plan obligations.

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company is a retailer of food and everyday products and services in two geographical segments, Canada and International. The International segment consists of wholly owned subsidiaries operating in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. Financial information for these business segments is regularly reviewed by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer to assess performance and make decisions about the allocation of resources.

The following key information is presented by geographic segment:

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Three Months Three Month
	Ended Ende
	April 30, 2016 April 30, 201
Sales	
Canada	\$ 265,881 \$ 254,50
International	173,093 159,53
Consolidated	\$ 438,974 \$ 414,03
Earnings before amortization, interest and income taxes	
Canada	\$ 24,836 \$ 24,33
International	12,804 10,00
Consolidated	\$ 37,640 \$ 34,45
Earnings from operations	
Canada	\$ 16,108 \$ 16,62
International	9,505 7,05

Supplemental information

	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2015		April 30, 2015		Januai	ry 31, 2016
Assets							
Canada	\$ 497,899	\$	452,246	\$	501,268		
International (1)	265,495		257,824		292,527		
Consolidated	\$ 763,394	\$	710,070	\$	793,795		

⁽¹⁾ International total assets includes goodwill of \$33,208 (April 30, 2015 - \$32,071).

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended			Ended				
	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2016				April 30, 2015			0, 2015
	Canada International		Canada	Interr	national				
Purchase of property and equipment	\$ 8,611 \$ 1,249		\$ 7,828	\$	620				
Amortization	\$ 8,728 \$ 3,299		\$ 7,749	\$	3,009				

5. INVENTORIES

Included in cost of sales for the three months ended April 30, 2016, the Company recorded \$540 (three months ended April 30, 2015 – \$289) for the write-down of period end inventories as a result of net realizable value being lower than cost. There was no reversal of inventories written down previously that are no longer estimated to sell below cost during the three months ended April 30, 2016 or 2015.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized – The Company has an unlimited number of shares.

	Shares	Consi	ideration
Balance at January 31, 2016	48,523,341	\$	167,910
Issued under option plans (Note 12)			_
Balance at April 30, 2016	48,523,341	\$	167,910
Balance at January 31, 2015	48,497,199	\$	167,460
Issued under option plans (Note 12)	2,613		67
Balance at April 30, 2015	48,499,812	\$	167,527

7. DIVIDENDS

	Thre	ee Months Ended	Three Months Ended
	Apr	il 30, 2016	April 30, 2015
Dividends paid in cash	\$	15,042	\$ 14,065
Dividends per share	\$	0.31	\$ 0.29

The payment of dividends on the Company's common shares is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and is based upon, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs, and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the CBCA for the declaration of dividends. Dividends are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2015	January 31, 2016
Current:			
Notes payable	\$ —	\$ 27	\$ —
Finance lease liabilities	_	39	_
Revolving loan facilities (1)		3,372	_
	\$ -	\$ 3,438	\$ —
Non-current:			
Revolving loan facilities (1)	\$ 7,187	\$ —	\$ 7,946
Revolving loan facilities (2)	_	31,509	_
Revolving loan facilities (3)	137,860	85,424	119,193
Senior notes ⁽⁴⁾	87,643	84,600	98,350
	\$ 232,690	\$ 201,533	\$ 225,489
Total	\$ 232,690	\$ 204,971	\$ 225,489

- (1) In July 2015, the Company completed the refinancing of the US\$30,000 loan facility maturing October 31, 2015. The new increased, committed, revolving U.S. loan facility provides the International Operations with up to US\$40,000 for working capital requirements and general business purposes. This facility matures October 31, 2020, bears a floating rate of interest based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread and is secured by certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. At April 30, 2016, the International Operations had drawn US\$5,727 (April 30, 2015 – US\$2,782) on this facility.
- (2) In March 2016, the Company completed the refinancing of the US\$52,000 loan facilities maturing December 31, 2018 which bore interest at U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. The new committed, revolving loan facilities in the International Operations mature April 29, 2021 and bear interest at U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. These loan facilities are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70,000 senior notes and the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities. At April 30, 2016, the Company had drawn US \$NIL (April 30, 2015 - US\$26,000) on these facilities.
- (3) In March 2016, the Company completed the refinancing of the \$200,000 loan facilities maturing December 31, 2018 which bore a floating interest rate based on Bankers Acceptances rates plus stamping fees or the Canadian prime interest rate. The new increased, committed, revolving loan facilities provide the Company's Canadian Operations with up to \$300,000 for working capital and general business purposes. The facilities mature April 29, 2021 and are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70,000 senior notes and the US\$52,000 loan facilities in International Operations. These facilities bear a floating interest rate based on Bankers Acceptances rates plus stamping fees or the Canadian prime interest rate.
- (4) The US\$70,000 senior notes mature June 16, 2021, have a fixed interest rate of 3.27% on US\$55,000 and a floating interest rate on US\$15,000 based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. The senior notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities and the US\$52,000 loan facilities in the International Operations.

9. EMPLOYEE COSTS

	Three Months	Three Months
	Ended	Ended
	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2015
Wages, salaries and benefits including bonus and termination	\$ 59,385	\$ 55,765
Post employment benefits	1,943	1,851
Share-based compensation (Note 12)	(759)	328

10. INTEREST EXPENSE

	Three Months	Thre	Three Months Ended	
	Ended			
	April 30, 2016	Арг	ril 30, 2015	
Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,451	\$	1,266	
Net interest on defined benefit plan obligation	329		312	
Interest income	(23)		(26)	
Less: interest capitalized	<u> </u>		(106)	
Interest expense	\$ 1,757	\$	1,446	

11. INCOMETAXES

The estimated effective income tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is 25.4% (three months ended April 30, 2015 – 29.4%). The Company estimates its effective income tax rate on a weighted-average basis by determining the income tax rate applicable to each taxing jurisdiction and applying it to its pre-tax earnings. Changes in the effective income tax rate primarily reflect changes in earnings of the Company's subsidiaries across various tax jurisdictions.

12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company offers the following share-based payment plans: Performance Share Units (PSUs); Share Options; Director Deferred Share Units (DDSUs); Executive Deferred Share Units (EDSUs) and an Employee Share Purchase Plan. The purpose of these plans is to directly align the interests of the participants and the shareholders of the Company by providing compensation that is dependent on the performance of the Company's common shares.

The total expense/(recovery) relating to share-based payment plans for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is a recovery of \$(759) (three months ended April 30, 2015 - expense of \$328). The carrying amount of the Company's share-based compensation arrangements including PSU, share option, DDSU and EDSU plans are recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2015	January 31, 2016
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 8,622	\$ 3,762	\$ 10,067
Other long-term liabilities	8,886	6,694	12,472
Contributed surplus	1,093	1,224	1,052
Total	\$ 18,601	\$ 11,680	\$ 23,591

Performance Share Units

The Company has granted Performance Share Units to officers and senior management.

Each PSU entitles the participant to receive a cash payment equal to the market value of the number of notional units granted at the end of the vesting period based on the achievement of specific performance based criteria. The PSU account for each participant includes the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional PSUs. PSU awards vest with the employee on the third fiscal year following the date of the grant to which the award relates. Compensation expense is measured initially based on the fair market value of the Company's shares at the grant date and subsequently adjusted for additional shares granted based on the reinvestment of notional dividends and the market value of the shares at the end of each reporting period. The associated compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period based on the estimated total compensation to be paid out at the end of the vesting period factoring in the probability of the performance criteria being met during that period.

Compensation costs related to the PSUs for the three months ended April 30, 2016 are \$545 (three months ended April 30, 2015 – \$689).

Share Option Plan

The Company has a Share Option Plan that provides for the granting of options to certain officers and senior management. Options are granted at fair market value based on the volume weighted-average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days preceding the grant date. Effective June 14, 2011, the Share Option Plan was amended and restated. The amendments afford the Board of Directors the discretion to award options giving the holder the choice, upon exercise, to either deduct a portion of all dividends declared after the grant date from the options exercise price or to exercise the option at the strike price specified at the grant date ("Declining Strike Price Options"). Options issued prior to June 14, 2011 and certain options issued subsequently are standard options ("Standard Options"). Each option is exercisable into one share of the Company at the price specified in the terms of the option. Declining Strike Price options allow the employee to acquire shares or receive a cash payment based on the excess of the fair market value of the Company's shares over the exercise price.

The fair value of the Declining Strike Price Options is remeasured at the reporting date and recognized both in net earnings and as a liability over the vesting period. The grant date fair value of the Standard Options is recognized in net earnings and contributed surplus over the vesting period.

The maximum number of shares available for issuance is a fixed number set at 4,354,020, representing 9% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares at April 30, 2016. Fair value of the Company's options is determined using an option pricing model. Share options granted vest on a graduated basis over five years and are exercisable over a period of seven to ten years. The share option compensation cost recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is a recovery of \$(1,279) (three months ended April 30, 2015 recovery of \$(478)).

The fair values for options issued during the three months ended April 30 were calculated based on the following assumptions:

	2016	2015
Fair value of options granted	\$2.80 to \$3.88	\$2.17 to \$3.42
Exercise price	\$28.81	\$ 25.63
Dividend yield	3.9%	4.6%
Annual risk-free interest rate	0.5% to 0.7%	0.4% to 0.7%
Expected share price volatility	19.8%	19.9%

The assumptions used to measure cash settled options at April 30 were as follows:

	2016	2015
Dividend yield	4.4%	4.7%
Annual risk-free interest rate	0.7% to 1.0% 0.	7% to 1.1%
Expected share price volatility	19.4% to 24.3% 16.59	% to 19.8%

The expected dividend yield is estimated based on the quarterly dividend rate and the closing share price on the date the options are granted. The expected share price volatility is estimated based on the Company's historical volatility over a period consistent with the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate is estimated based on the Government of Canada bond yield for a term to maturity equal to the expected life of the options.

The following continuity schedules reconcile the movement in outstanding options during the three months ended April 30:

Number of options outstanding	Declining Strik		Standard Options	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Outstanding options, beginning of period	1,659,664	1,207,995	400,045	391,876
Granted	454,057	491,096	68,564	81,461
Exercised	_	_	_	(5,004)
Forfeited or cancelled	_	<u> </u>	_	(30,155)
Outstanding options, end of period	2,113,721	1,699,091	468,609	438,178
Exercisable at end of period	423,524	170,271	215,372	196,785

Weighted-average exercise price	Declining Strike Price Options				Standard Options		
		2016		2015	2016		2015
Outstanding options, beginning of period	\$	23.67	\$	22.79	\$ 21.86	\$	20.88
Granted		28.81		25.63	28.81		25.63
Exercised		_		_	_		20.60
Forfeited or cancelled		_					22.52
Outstanding options, end of period	\$	24.77	\$	23.61	\$ 22.88	\$	21.64
Exercisable at end of period	\$	19.51	\$	19.68	\$ 19.90	\$	19.20

Options outstanding at April 30, 2016 have an exercise price range of \$15.25 to \$28.81 and a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 4.8 years.

Director Deferred Share Unit Plan

This plan is available for independent Directors. Participants are credited with deferred share units based on the portion of fees each participant elects to allocate to the DDSU plan. Each deferred share unit entitles the holder to receive a share of the Company. The DDSUs are exercisable by the holder at any time but no later than December 31 of the first calendar year commencing after the holder ceases to be a Director. A participant may elect at the time of exercise of any DDSUs, subject to the consent of the Company, to have the Company pay an amount in cash equal to the aggregate current market value of the shares, determined based on the closing price of the shares on the TSX on the trading day preceding the exercise date, in consideration for the surrender by the participant to the Company the right to receive shares from exercising the DDSUs.

Compensation expense is measured based on the fair market value at each reporting date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the DDSUs based on changes in the market value of the Company's shares are recognized at each reporting date. The DDSU plan compensation cost recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is a recovery of \$(373) (three months ended April 30, 2015 – recovery of \$(207)). The total number of DDSUs outstanding at April 30, 2016 is 183,848 (April 30, 2015 – 170,679). There were no DDSUs exercised during the three months ended April 30, 2016 (three months ended April 30, 2015 – 4,688).

Executive Deferred Share Unit Plan

This plan provides for the granting of deferred share units to those executives who elect to receive a portion of their annual short-term incentive payment in EDSUs, subject to plan limits. Effective April 2016, participants will be credited with EDSUs based on the amount of their short-term incentive payment allocated to the plan and the fair market value of the Company's shares. The EDSU account for each participant includes the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional EDSUs. The EDSUs are exercisable at any time after the executive ceases to be an employee of the Company, but no later than December 31 of the first calendar year commencing after the holder ceased to be an employee. Each EDSU entitles the holder to a cash payment equal to the market value of the equivalent number of the Company's shares, determined based on their closing price on the TSX on the trading day preceding the exercise date.

Total compensation expense is measured at the time of the grant. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the EDSUs based on changes in the market value of the Company's shares are recognized at each reporting date. The EDSU plan compensation cost recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is a recovery of \$(20) (three months ended April 30, 2015 – NIL). There were no EDSUs redeemed during the three months ended April 30, 2016 and 2015.

Employee Share Purchase Plan

The Employee Share Purchase Plan provides participants with the opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in the Company. The Company contributes an additional 33% of the amount invested, subject to a maximum annual contribution of 2% of the participants' base salary. The plan is administered by a trustee who uses the funds received to purchase shares on the TSX on behalf of the participating employees. These shares are registered in the name of the plan trustee on behalf of the participants. The Company's contribution to the plan is recorded as compensation expense. The employee share purchase plan compensation cost recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2016 is \$368 (three months ended April 30, 2015 – \$324).

13. SEASONALITY

The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on markdown activity in key sales periods to reduce excess inventories. Net earnings are historically lower in the first quarter due to lower sales and fixed costs such as rent and overhead that apply uniformly throughout the year.

14. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company's principal operating subsidiaries are set out below:

	Activity	Country of Organization	Company	Subsidiary
NWC GP Inc.	General Partner	Canada	100%	
North West Company Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	Canada	100%	
The North West Company LP	Retailing	Canada	100% (le	ss one unit)
NWC (U.S.) Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	United States		100%
The North West Company (International) Inc.	Retailing	United States		100%

The Company's investment in joint ventures comprises a 50% interest in a Canadian Arctic shipping company, Transport Nanuk Inc.

Netherlands

Finance Company

15. EXPENSES BY NATURE

The North West Finance Company Cooperatie U.A.

	Three Months	Three Months Ended April 30, 2015	
	Ended		
	April 30, 2016		
Employee costs	\$ 60,569	\$ 57,944	
Amortization	12,027	10,758	
Operating lease rentals	7,543	7,221	
Other income	(8,679)	(8,152)	

Proportion of voting rights held by:

99%

1%

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Accounting classifications and fair value estimation

 $The following \ table \ comprises\ the \ carrying\ amounts\ of\ the\ Company's\ financial\ instruments.$ are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

These amounts represent point-in-time estimates and may not reflect fair value in the future. These calculations are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and are a matter of significant judgment.

Cash	Maturity	Assets (Liabilities) carried at amortized cost				Assets (Liabilities) carried at fair value	
		Carrying amount		Fair value		Carrying amount	
	Short-term	\$	35,048	\$	35,048	\$	_
Accounts receivable	Short-term		67,935		67,935		_
Other financial assets	Long-term		1,431		1,431		_
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Short-term		(131,363)		(131,363)		_
Long-term debt	Long-term		(232,690)		(235,680)		_

The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

- The fair value of short-term financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to their immediate or short-term period to maturity. Any differences between fair value and book values of short-term financial instruments are considered to be insignificant.
- The fair value of debt with fixed interest rates in an effective fair value hedging relationship is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current risk-free interest rate on an instrument with similar terms adjusted for an appropriate risk premium for the Company's credit profile.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 8, 2016, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.31 per common share payable July 15, 2016 to shareholders of record on June 30, 2016.

18. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior year figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in the current year. Other longterm liabilities increased to \$12,882 on the consolidated balance sheets for the period-ended April 30, 2015 compared to \$8,656 previously reported. A corresponding adjustment has been made in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.