THE NORTH WEST COMPANYINC.

Report to Shareholders

Quarterly Period Ended April 30, 2014



2014 FIRST QUARTER REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

Report to Shareholders

The North West Company Inc. reports its results for the first quarter ended April 30, 2014. Sales increased 3.2% to \$376.3 million compared to the first quarter last year as sales growth in the International Operations and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated sales more than offset weaker sales in the Canadian Operations. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, sales increased 0.3% and were up 0.2%¹ on a same store basis.

First quarter net earnings decreased 1.8% to \$12.7 million and diluted earnings per share were \$0.26 per share compared to \$0.27 per share last year as lower earnings in the Canadian Operations more than offset gains in the International Operations.

The Board of Directors has approved a quarterly dividend of \$0.29 per share to shareholders of record on June 30, 2014.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

H. Sanford Riley Chairman

Edward S. Kennedy President and Chief Executive Officer

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Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following Management's Discussion & Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended April 30, 2014 and the audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the 2013 Annual Report.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

First quarter consolidated sales increased 3.2% to \$376.3 million compared to \$364.5 million in the first quarter last year as food and general merchandise sales growth in the International Operations and the impact of foreign exchange more than offset weaker general merchandise sales in the Canadian Operations. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, sales increased 0.3% and were up 0.2% on a same store basis. Food sales¹ increased 1.0% and were up 0.7% on a same store basis and general merchandise sales¹ decreased 2.1% and were down 1.8% on a same store basis.

The table below shows the first quarter sales blend for the past two years:

	2014	2013
Food	79.4%	78.6%
General merchandise	16.4%	17.0%
Other*	4.2%	4.4%

^{*} Other sales includes fuel, fur and financial service charge revenues

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

Earnings from Operations² decreased 2.6% to \$20.0 million compared to \$20.5 million in the first quarter last year. Gross profit dollars increased 2.4% driven by sales growth as the gross profit rate decreased 24 basis points compared to last year largely due to lower food margins in the Canadian Operations. Selling, operating and administrative expenses increased 3.6% compared to last year and were up 8 basis points as a percentage to sales. The increase in expenses is primarily due to the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated expenses. Head office employee restructuring costs and higher depreciation expense partially related to the implementation of a transportation management system were largely offset by lower share-based incentive plan costs. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, earnings from operations decreased 4.1% compared to last year.

Trading profit² or earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) increased 0.7% to \$30.2 million compared to \$30.0 million last year as a 5.0% increase in trading profit in the International Operations and the impact of foreign exchange was partially offset by a decrease in trading profit in the Canadian Operations related to lower food gross profit rates. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, trading profit decreased 1.2% compared to last year and as a percentage to sales was 8.1% compared to 8.3% last year.

Income tax expense decreased \$0.4 million to \$5.4 million compared to \$5.8 million last year due to a decrease in earnings and a lower effective tax rate. The decrease in the consolidated effective tax rate to 29.8% compared to 30.8% in the guarter last year is due to the variability of income earned across the various tax jurisdictions.

Net earnings decreased 1.8% to \$12.7 million and diluted earnings per share was \$0.26 per share compared to \$0.27 per share last year.

CANADIAN OPERATIONS

Canadian Operations sales for the quarter decreased 0.5% to \$241.2 million compared to \$242.3 million last year and were down 0.1% on a same store basis. Food sales increased 0.4% and were up 0.5% on a same store basis as prolonged winter conditions extended the winter road season by several weeks, enabling more out shopping to southern competitors. Food inflation was minimal in the quarter. General merchandise sales decreased 3.1% from last year and were down 2.6% on a same store basis largely related to unseasonably cold spring weather and the impact of an extended winter road season in northern markets.

Gross profit dollars decreased 2.0% due to the impact of lower sales and a decrease in gross profit rate. Investments in lower food prices and higher markdowns in apparel categories to clear seasonal merchandise were the leading factors contributing to the lower gross profit rate. Selling, operating and administrative expenses decreased 1.0% compared to last year and decreased 12 basis points as a percentage to sales. The decrease in expenses is primarily due to lower share-based compensation costs partially offset by employee restructuring costs and higher depreciation expense largely related to the implementation of a transportation management system.

Canadian trading profit decreased 2.6% to \$23.8 million compared to \$24.4 million last year, due to a decrease in sales and gross profit rate partially offset by lower expenses, and as a percentage to sales was 9.9% compared to 10.1% last year.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS (stated in U.S. dollars)

International sales increased 1.9% to \$122.2 million compared to \$120.0 million in the first quarter last year and were up 1.0% on a same store basis with both AC Value Center ("AC") and Cost-U-Less ("CUL") banners contributing to the sales growth. Food sales increased 2.0% and were up 1.0% on a same store basis and general merchandise sales increased 1.3% and were up 1.3% on a same store basis.

Gross profit dollars increased 4.0% compared to last year driven by sales gains and gross profit rate improvements. The gross profit rate increased due to better buying, less promotional pricing, and favourable product mix changes. Improved execution and assortment changes within the Company's Barbados store contributed to sales and margin gain within the CUL banner stores. Selling, operating and administrative expenses increased 4.2% and were up 51 basis points as a percentage to sales. The increase in expenses is mainly due to employee restructuring costs within support offices and higher debt loss, partially offset by lower incentive plan expenses.

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

Trading profit increased 5.0% to \$5.8 million and as a percentage to sales was 4.7% compared to 4.6% in the first quarter last year as the increase in gross profit dollars more than offset higher expenses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Financial Ratios

The Company's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the guarter was 0.65:1 compared to 0.69:1 last year. The debt-to-equity ratio at January 31, 2014 was 0.57:1.

Working capital decreased \$27.8 million or 18.9% compared to the first quarter last year largely due to an increase in the current portion of long-term debt. In 2014 the current portion of long-term debt includes the senior notes that mature June 15, 2014. In 2013 the current portion of long-term debt included the International Operations loan facilities that matured and were refinanced on December 9, 2013. Further information on the maturing debt is provided in the sources of liquidity section and in Note 8 to the Company's 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements. Excluding the impact of the maturing debt, working capital increased \$4.4 million or 2.3% compared to last year largely due to an increase in inventories partially offset by an increase in trade accounts payable and a lower cash position at the end of the quarter. The increase in inventories is largely related to higher inventories in stores serviced by winter roads in the Canadian Operations to take advantage of lower transportation costs and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated inventories.

Outstanding Shares

The weighted-average basic shares outstanding for the guarter were 48,426,000 shares compared to 48,393,000 shares last year. The increase in basic shares outstanding is due to share options exercised. Further information on the Share Option Plan is provided in Note 6 and Note 12 to the 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements. The weightedaverage fully diluted shares outstanding for the guarter were 48,719,000 compared to 48,647,000 shares last year. The increase in the fully diluted shares outstanding compared to last year is due to options granted under the Share Option Plan and shares granted under the Director Deferred Share Unit Plan.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes the major components of cash flow:

\$ in thousands		e Months ended 30, 2014	 e Months ended I 30, 2013	Change
Cash flows provided by (used in):	·			
Operating Activities Before Taxes Paid	\$	15,163	\$ 10,175	\$ 4,988
Taxes Paid		(9,537)	(26,636)	17,099
Operating Activities		5,626	(16,461)	22,087
Investing Activities		(5,102)	(5,723)	621
Financing Activities		12,618	25,027	(12,409)
Net change in cash	\$	13,142	\$ 2,843	\$ 10,299

Cash flow from operating activities in the quarter increased \$22.1 million to \$5.6 million compared to cash flow used in operating activities of \$16.5 million last year. The change in cash flow from operating activities is primarily due to a decrease in income tax installments paid in the quarter, as the Company paid the remaining balance of the Canadian accrued income taxes for 2012 of approximately \$19 million in the first quarter of 2013. Excluding the impact of income tax installments, cash flow from operating

- (1) Excluding foreign exchange impact
- (2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

activities increased \$5.0 million or 49.0% compared to the first quarter last year. The increase was largely due to the change in noncash working capital related to accounts payable and the timing of payments, partially offset by higher inventory, compared to the first quarter last year. The change in other non-cash items is due to a decrease in other assets related to long-term accounts receivable.

Cash used for investing activities in the guarter decreased to \$5.1 million compared to \$5.7 million last year. The decrease in the quarter is due to the timing of capital investments. Further information on planned capital expenditures is included in the Outlook section.

Cash provided from financing activities in the quarter was \$12.6 million compared to \$25.0 million last year. The decrease in cash provided from long-term debt is due to the change in amounts drawn on the Company's revolving loan facilities compared to last year. The increase in cash provided from long-term debt in the first quarter last year was primarily related to the payment of income tax installments as previously noted. Further information on long-term debt is provided in Note 8 to the 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company paid dividends of \$14.0 million, an increase of 3.6%, compared to \$13.5 million in the first quarter last year.

Sources of Liquidity

The Canadian Operations have available committed, revolving loan facilities of \$200.0 million that mature on December 31, 2018. These facilities are secured by a floating charge on certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70.0 million senior notes and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations. At April 30, 2014, the Company had drawn \$87.6 million on these facilities (April 30, 2013 - \$84.0 million).

The Canadian Operations have US\$70.0 million senior notes that mature June 15, 2014. The senior notes are secured by a floating charge against certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the \$200.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations. Further information on the refinancing of the senior notes is provided below.

The International Operations have available committed, revolving loan facilities of US\$52.0 million that mature on December 31, 2018. These facilities are secured by a floating charge on certain assets of the Company and rank pari passu with the US\$70.0 million senior notes and the \$200.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities. At April 30, 2014, the Company had drawn US\$34.0 million on these facilities (April 30, 2013 - US\$44.0 million).

The International Operations also have available a committed, revolving loan facility of US\$30.0 million that matures October 31, 2015 and is secured by certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. At April 30, 2014, the Company had drawn US\$6.3 million on these facilities (April 30, 2013 - US\$4.3 million).

The loan facilities and senior notes contain covenants and restrictions including the requirement to meet certain financial ratios and financial condition tests. The financial covenants include a fixed charge coverage ratio, minimum current ratio, a leverage test and a minimum net worth test. At April 30, 2014, the Company is in compliance with all covenants under these facilities. Current and forecasted debt levels are regularly monitored for compliance with debt covenants. Further information on the Company's long-term debt and loan facilities is provided in Note 8 to the Company's 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cash flow from operating activities and unutilized capacity available on existing loan facilities are expected to be sufficient to fund $operating \ requirements, pension \ plan \ contributions, sustaining \ and \ planned \ growth-related \ capital \ expenditures \ as \ well \ as \ anticipated$ dividends during 2014.

Senior Notes Refinancing

The Company has, subject to the completion of a definitive agreement and customary closing conditions, refinanced the US \$70.0 million senior notes that mature June 15, 2014. The new US\$70.0 million senior notes, which will mature June 16, 2021, will be secured by a floating charge on certain assets of the Company and will rank pari passu with the \$200.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities in the International Operations. The senior notes will bear a fixed interest rate of 3.27% on US\$55.0 million payable semi-annually and a floating interest rate based on US LIBOR plus a spread on US\$15.0 million payable quarterly. The refinancing is expected to close on June 16, 2014.

SHAREHOLDER DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.29 per share to shareholders of record on June 30, 2014, to be paid on July 15, 2014.

The payment of dividends on the Company's common shares are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and is based on, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the Canada Business Corporations Act (CBCA) for the declaration of dividends. The dividends are designated as eligible dividends in accordance with the provisions of the Canadian Income Tax Act.

OTHER HIGHLIGHTS

- The Company entered into an agreement to acquire a Winnipeg Price Chopper banner store from Sobeys Inc., subject to closing conditions which include approval from the Competition Bureau.
- A Tim Hortons outlet was opened in Cross Lake, Manitoba on March 17, 2014, bringing the number of Tim Hortons locations operated by the Company to nine.

STRATEGY

The Company's strategy initiative that began in 2013 was delayed by the assessment of investment opportunities that arose in the second half of last year. This work is now completed and is proceeding with a focus on the following priorities, aligned with the goal of capturing market share within what is assumed to be a modest growth economic environment over the next three to five years:

- 1. Accelerating investment in the Company's 40 highest sales and profit potential markets, beginning in the second half of 2014. This is expected to result in annual capital spending in the \$65 million range until 2018, with some offset from working capital efficiencies.
- 2. Targeting inventory dollars and selling space on select products and services that can deliver significant market and profit gains while right sizing low upside categories.
- Ensuring that the way we work is customer and store-centric by adding resources to the Company's "buying, moving and selling" capabilities while streamlining lower value head office activities.
- 4. Ensuring that the Company continues to take an unconventional, flexible approach to serving its markets, including strong partnerships with other leading retailers like Giant Tiger and Tim Hortons.
- 5. Continued commitment to the disciplined allocation of capital, cash flow optimization and superior total returns to investors.

OUTLOOK

The Company's focus in 2014 is on bringing its strategic priorities to market. Productivity improvements, transportation efficiencies, improved shrink and loss controls, more finely tuned product and service offerings and capital reinvestment in high opportunity locations are key features of this focus. Within the various markets served by the Company, the consumer income environment is expected to range from flat in northern Canada and the southern island markets to modestly positive in Alaska and western Canada.

New store growth will be limited in 2014 as the Company continues to see favorable returns from optimizing existing market performance. Two new Giant Tiger locations are planned together with the possibility of smaller acquisitions. Upside to the business will be generated by the success of new merchandise and service programs and the maturation of new stores, specifically in Barbados. Downside exists with respect to margin pressure in Canada's retail food sector.

Net capital expenditures for 2014 are expected to be approximately \$55.0 million (2013 - \$42.4 million) reflecting the opening or acquisition of new stores, major store replacements and store renovations. Store-based capital expenditures depend upon the completion of landlord negotiations and shipment of construction materials to remote markets and therefore, their actual amount and timing can fluctuate. The Company has completed the development of the transportation management system (TMS) and expects the solution to be fully deployed by the fourth quarter. Once fully deployed, the TMS solution will provide the functionality originally planned including: load planning, case/pallet tracking, and carrier management which includes freight settlement and inbound freight management.

As previously announced, the Company paid the remaining balance of the Canadian accrued income taxes for 2012 of approximately \$19 million in the first guarter of 2013 in addition to making the required monthly installments for income taxes related to the 2013 tax year. The Company expects its Canadian monthly income tax installments to decrease in 2014 compared to 2013 based on a normalized level of taxable income in 2013 and the recognition of a portion of the deferred limited partnership income. Actual installments paid may vary from anticipated payments due to a variety of factors including changes in expected or actual earnings across various tax jurisdictions.

QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a summary of selected quarterly financial information.

Operating Results - Consolidated

	First Q	uarter	Fourth	Quarter	Third C	Quarter	Second	Quarter
	89 days	89 days	92 days					
(\$ in millions)	2014	2013	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Sales	\$ 376.3	\$ 364.5	\$ 402.9	\$ 386.6	\$ 387.2	\$ 377.7	\$ 388.6	\$ 383.8
Trading profit (EBITDA)	30.2	30.0	34.4	31.9	36.5	35.6	37.4	36.4
Net earnings	12.7	12.9	15.9	15.5	17.4	17.2	18.1	18.0
Net earnings per share:								
Basic	0.26	0.27	0.33	0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.37
Diluted	0.26	0.27	0.32	0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.37

Historically, the Company's first guarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting the holiday selling period. Weather conditions are often extreme and can affect sales in any quarter. Net earnings are historically lower in the first quarter due to lower sales. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on markdown activity in key sales periods to reduce excess inventories and other factors which can affect net earnings.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company in order to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to the Company is made known to management in a timely manner so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore even those systems determined to be designed effectively can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the control objectives. Additionally, management is necessarily required to use judgment in evaluating controls and procedures. There have been no changes in the internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2014 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IMPLEMENTED IN 2014

The Company adopted amendments to IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation and IFRIC 21, Levies retrospectively effective February 1, 2014. IAS 32 clarified the requirements that permit offsetting certain financial instruments. IFRIC 21 defines a levy as an outflow from an entity imposed by a government in accordance with legislation and confirms a levy liability is recognized only when the triggering event specified in the legislation occurs. Neither change had an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS TO BE IMPLEMENTED

The following new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended January 31, 2015, and have not been applied in preparing the 2014 first guarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements:

Financial Instruments The amended IFRS 9, Financial Instruments is a multi-phase project with the goal of improving and simplifying financial instrument reporting. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine measurement of a financial asset based on how an entity manages financial impairment, replacing the multiple classification options in IAS 39 with only two categories: amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. Additional quidance was also issued on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 does not have a mandatory effective date. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of changes to this standard.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

(1) Trading Profit (EBITDA) is not a recognized measure under IFRS. Management believes that in addition to net earnings, trading profit is a useful supplemental measure as it provides investors with an indication of the Company's operational performance before allocating the cost of interest, income taxes and capital investments. Investors should be cautioned however, that trading profit should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Company's performance. The Company's method of calculating trading profit may differ from other companies and may not be comparable to measures used by other companies.

A reconciliation of consolidated net earnings to trading profit or EBITDA is provided below:

	First Quarter	
(\$ in thousands)	2014	2013
Net earnings	\$ 12,679 \$ 12	2,910
Add: Amortization	10,218	9,465
Interest expense	1,952	1,880
Income taxes	5,371	5,754
Trading profit	\$ 30,220 \$ 30	0,009

For trading profit information by business segment, see Note 4, Segmented Information, in the notes to the Company's 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

(2) Earnings From Operations/Earnings Before Interest and Income Taxes (EBIT) is not a recognized measure under IFRS. Management believes that in addition to net earnings, EBIT is a useful supplemental measure as it provides investors with an indication of the performance of the consolidated operations and/or business segments, prior to interest expense and income taxes. Investors should be cautioned however, that EBIT should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Company's performance. The Company's method of calculating EBIT may differ from other companies and may not be comparable to measures used by other companies.

A reconciliation of consolidated net earnings to EBIT is provided below:

	First Qu	arter
\$ in thousands)	2014	2013
Net earnings	\$ 12,679	\$ 12,910
Add: Interest expense	1,952	1,880
Income taxes	5,371	5,754
Earnings from operations	\$ 20,002	\$ 20,544

For earnings from operations information by business segment, see Note 4, Segmented Information, in the notes to the Company's 2014 first quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements.

Management uses these and other non-GAAP financial measures to exclude the impact of certain income and expenses that must be recognized under GAAP as the excluded amounts are not necessarily reflective of the Company's underlying operating performance and can make comparisons of financial performance between periods more difficult. The Company may exclude additional items if it believes that doing so will result in a more effective analysis and explanation of the underlying financial performance. The exclusion of these items does not imply that they are non-recurring.

Unless otherwise stated, this Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) is based on the financial information included in the unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to the unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and is in Canadian dollars. The information contained in this MD&A is current to June 11, 2014.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report, including Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A), contains forward-looking statements about the Company, including its business operations, strategy and expected financial performance and condition. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or include words such as "expects", "anticipates", "plans", "believes", "estimates", "intends", "targets", "projects", "forecasts" or negative versions thereof and other similar expressions, or future or conditional future financial performance (including sales, earnings, growth rates, dividends, debt levels, financial capacity, access to capital, and liquidity), on-going business strategies or prospects, and possible future action by the Company, are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future events and are inherently subject to, among other things, risks, uncertainties and assumptions about the Company, economic factors and the retail industry in general. They are not guarantees of future performance, and actual events and results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements made by the Company due to, but not limited to, important factors such as general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, interest and foreign exchange rates, changes in accounting policies and methods used to report financial condition, including uncertainties associated with critical accounting assumptions and estimates, the effect of applying future accounting changes, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations and legislation, changes in tax laws, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings, catastrophic events, the Company's ability to complete strategic transactions and integrate acquisitions and the Company's success in anticipating and managing the foregoing risks. The reader is cautioned that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. Other risks are outlined in the Risk Management section of the 2013 Annual Report and in the Risk Factors sections of the Annual Information Form and Management Information Circular. The reader is also cautioned to consider these and other factors carefully and not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Other than as specifically required by applicable law, the Company has no specific intention to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Additional information on the Company, including our Annual Information Form, can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on the Company's website at www.northwest.ca.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013	January 31, 2014
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 35,495	\$ 41,518	\$ 22,353
Accounts receivable	65,426	65,812	70,527
Inventories (Note 5)	208,084	191,379	198,856
Prepaid expenses	11,139	10,370	7,335
	320,144	309,079	299,071
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	280,672	271,260	286,875
Goodwill	28,996	26,372	29,424
Intangible assets	20,915	19,867	21,514
Deferred tax assets	20,456	15,168	19,597
Other assets	10,869	13,649	14,031
	361,908	346,316	371,441
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 682,052	\$ 655,395	\$ 670,512
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 123,714	\$ 116,313	\$ 128,999
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)	76,728	44,693	77,800
Income tax payable (Note 11)	48	614	2,939
	200,490	161,620	209,738
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt (Note 8)	131,749	158,663	105,062
Defined benefit plan obligation	18,776	28,849	18,417
Deferred tax liabilities	1,849	1,905	2,012
Other long-term liabilities	9,021	8,005	12,843
	161,395	197,422	138,334
TOTAL LIABILITIES	361,885	359,042	348,072
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 6)	166,163	165,816	166,069
Contributed surplus	3,591	3,239	3,528
Retained earnings	144,398	127,585	145,762
Accumulated other comprehensive income	6,015	(287)	7,081
TOTAL EQUITY	320,167	296,353	322,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	\$ 682,052	\$ 655,395	\$ 670,512

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Thr	ee Months Ended	Thre	e Months Ended
(unaudited, \$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Арі	ril 30, 2014	Apri	1 30, 2013
SALES	\$	376,257	\$	364,474
Cost of sales		(268,825)		(259,532)
Gross profit		107,432		104,942
Selling, operating and administrative expenses (Note 9)		(87,430)		(84,398)
Earnings from operations		20,002		20,544
Interest expense (Note 10)		(1,952)		(1,880)
Earnings before income taxes		18,050		18,664
Income taxes (Note 11)		(5,371)		(5,754)
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	12,679	\$	12,910
NET EARNINGS PER SHARE				
Basic	\$	0.26	\$	0.27
Diluted	\$	0.26	\$	0.27
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (000's)				
Basic		48,426		48,393
Diluted		48,719		48,647

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Thre Apri	Three Months Ended April 30, 2013		
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	12,679	\$	12,910
Other comprehensive income/(expense), net of tax:				
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings: Exchange differences on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries		(1,066)		530
Total other comprehensive income/(expense), net of tax		(1,066)		530
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$	11,613	\$	13,440

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Share Capital	ributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCI ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance at January 31, 2014	\$ 166,069	\$ 3,528	\$ 145,762	\$ 7,081	\$ 322,440
Net earnings for the period	_	_	12,679	_	12,679
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>			(1,066)	(1,066)
Comprehensive income	_	_	12,679	(1,066)	11,613
Equity settled share-based payments	_	98	_	_	98
Dividends (Note 7)	_	_	(14,043)	_	(14,043)
Issuance of common shares (Note 6)	94	(35)			59
	94	63	(14,043)	_	(13,886)
Balance at April 30, 2014	\$166,163	\$ 3,591	\$144,398	\$ 6,015	\$320,167
Balance at January 31, 2013	\$ 165,358	\$ 3,485	\$ 128,224	\$ (817)	\$ 296,250
Net earnings for the period			12,910		12,910
Other comprehensive income				530	530
Comprehensive income	_	_	12,910	530	13,440
Equity settled share-based payments		114	_	_	114
Dividends (Note 7)	_	_	(13,549)	_	(13,549)
Issuance of common shares (Note 6)	458	(360)			98
	458	(246)	(13,549)	_	(13,337)
Balance at April 30, 2013	\$ 165,816	\$ 3,239	\$ 127,585	\$ (287)	\$ 296,353

⁽¹⁾ Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Three Months Ended audited, \$ in thousands) April 30, 2014		Three Months Ended April 30, 2013
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)		,
Operating activities		
Net earnings for the period	\$ 12,679	\$ 12,910
Adjustments for:		
Amortization	10,218	9,465
Provision for income taxes (Note 11)	5,371	5,754
Interest expense (Note 10)	1,952	1,880
Equity settled share option expense (Note 12)	98	114
Taxes paid	(9,537)	(26,636)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	144	30
	20,925	3,517
Change in non-cash working capital	(14,915)	(17,545)
Change in other non-cash items	(384)	(2,433)
Cash from operating activities	5,626	(16,461)
Investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,765)	(5,286)
Intangible asset additions	(376)	(466)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	39	29
Cash used in investing activities	(5,102)	(5,723)
Financing activities		
Net Increase in long-term debt (Note 8)	27,293	39,094
Dividends (Note 7)	(14,043)	(13,549)
Interest paid	(691)	(616)
Issuance of common shares	59	98
Cash used in financing activities	12,618	25,027
NET CHANGE IN CASH	13,142	2,843
Cash, beginning of period	22,353	38,675
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 35,495	\$ 41,518

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

1. ORGANIZATION

The North West Company Inc. (NWC or the Company) is a corporation amalgamated under the Canada Business Corporations Act (CBCA) and governed by the laws of Canada. The Company, through its subsidiaries, is a leading retailer of food and everyday products and services. The address of its registered office is 77 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The Company has two reportable geographical segments, Canada and International. The International segment consists of wholly owned subsidiaries operating in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns.

These unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements (condensed consolidated financial statements) have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on June 11, 2014.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- (A) Statement of Compliance These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in The North West Company Inc.'s 2013 Annual Report which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).
- (B) Basis of Measurement The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following which are measured at fair value:
 - Derivative financial instruments (Note 15)
 - Financial instruments designated at fair value (Note 15)
 - Liabilities for share-based payment plans (Note 12)
 - Defined benefit pension plan
 - Assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed further in the notes to the Company's 2013 annual audited consolidated financial statements.

(C) Functional and Presentation Currency The presentation currency of the condensed consolidated financial statements is Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated, and has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as noted below, the significant accounting policies are set out in the Company's 2013 audited annual consolidated financial statements. These policies have been applied to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by both the Company and its subsidiaries using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

Accounting Standards Implemented in Current Year The Company adopted amendments to IAS 32, *Financial Instruments*: Presentation and IFRIC 21, Levies retrospectively effective February 1, 2014. IAS 32 clarified the requirements that permit offsetting certain financial instruments. IFRIC 21 defines a levy as an outflow from an entity imposed by a government in accordance with legislation and confirms a levy liability is recognized only when the triggering event specified in the legislation occurs. Neither change had an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Future Standards and Amendments The following new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended January 31, 2015, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

Financial Instruments The amended IFRS 9, Financial Instruments is a multi-phase project with the goal of improving and simplifying financial instrument reporting. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine measurement of a financial asset based on how an entity manages financial impairment, replacing the multiple classification options in IAS 39 with only two categories: amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. Additional guidance was also issued on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 does not have a mandatory effective date. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of changes to this standard.

Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes.

These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events, conditions and actions that the Company may undertake in the future and other factors that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgments by management about matters that are uncertain and changes in these estimates could materially impact the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future periods affected.

Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements include: allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, impairment of assets, goodwill and indefinite life intangible asset impairment, income taxes, and defined benefit plan obligations.

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company is a retailer of food and everyday products and services in two geographical segments, Canada and International. The International segment consists of wholly owned subsidiaries operating in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. Financial information for these business segments is regularly reviewed by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer to assess performance and make decisions about the allocation of resources.

The following key information is presented by geographic segment:

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Three Months	Three Months Ended April 30, 2013	
	Ended		
	April 30, 2014		
Sales			
Canada	\$ 241,201	\$	242,330
International	135,056		122,144
Consolidated	\$ 376,257	\$	364,474
Earnings before amortization, interest and income taxes Canada International	\$ 23,786 6,434	\$	24,417 5,592
Consolidated	\$ 30,220		
Consolidated	3 30,220	\$	30,009
	, 30,220	\$	30,009
	\$ 16,217	\$	
Earnings from operations			30,009 17,139 3,405

Supplemental information:

	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013	January 31, 2014
Assets			
Canada	\$ 447,218	\$ 440,403	\$ 438,299
International (1)	234,834	214,992	232,213
Consolidated	\$ 682,052	\$ 655,395	\$ 670,512

⁽¹⁾ International total assets includes goodwill of \$28,996 (April 30, 2013 - \$26,372; January 31, 2014 - \$29,424).

	Three	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		
		April 30, 2014			April 30, 2013	
	Canada	International	(Canada	Intern	ational
Purchase of property and equipment	\$ 3,292	\$ 1,473	\$	3,912	\$	1,374
Amortization	\$ 7,569	\$ 2,649	\$	7,278	\$	2,187

5. INVENTORIES

Included in cost of sales for the three months ended April 30, 2014, the Company recorded \$564 (three months ended April 30, 2013 -\$520) for the write-down of period end inventories as a result of net realizable value being lower than cost. There was no reversal of inventories written down previously that are no longer estimated to sell below cost during the three months ended April 30, 2014 or 2013.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized – The Company has an unlimited number of shares.

	Shares	Consideration		
Balance at January 31, 2014	48,425,787	\$	166,069	
Issued under option plans (Note 12)	4,380		94	
Balance at April 30, 2014	48,430,167	\$	166,163	
Balance at January 31, 2013	48,388,721	\$	165,358	
Balance at January 31, 2013 Issued under option plans (Note 12)	48,388,721 24,599	\$	165,358 458	

7. DIVIDENDS

	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013
Dividends paid in cash	\$ 14,043	\$ 13,549
Dividends per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28

The payment of dividends on the Company's common shares is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and is based upon, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs, and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the CBCA for the declaration of dividends. Dividends are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013	January 31, 2014	
Current:				
Notes payable	\$ 146	\$ 167	\$ 148	
Finance lease liabilities	76	209	76	
Revolving loan facilities (2)	_	44,317	_	
Senior notes (4)	76,506		77,576	
	\$ 76,728	\$ 44,693	\$ 77,800	
Non-current:				
Revolving loan facilities (1)	\$ 6,878	\$ 4,305	\$ 1,302	
Revolving loan facilities (2)	37,254	_	40,028	
Revolving loan facilities (3)	87,550	83,991	63,607	
Senior notes (4)	_	70,087	_	
Notes payable	24	157	62	
Finance lease liabilities	43	123	63	
	\$ 131,749	\$ 158,663	\$ 105,062	
Total	\$ 208,477	\$ 203,356	\$ 182,862	

- (1) This committed, revolving loan facility provides the International Operations with up to US\$30,000 for working capital requirements and general business purposes. This facility, which matures October 31, 2015, bears a floating rate of interest based on LIBOR plus a spread and is secured by a charge against certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. At April 30, 2014, the International Operations had drawn US\$6,277 (April 30, 2013 US\$4,274; January 31, 2014 US\$1,171) on this facility.
- (2) The US\$52,000 committed, revolving loan facilities in the International Operations mature December 31, 2018 and bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread. These loan facilities are secured by a floating first charge against the assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the US\$70,000 senior notes and the \$200,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities. At April 30, 2014, the Company had drawn US \$34,000 (April 30, 2013 US\$44,000; January 31, 2014 US\$36,000) on these facilities.
- (3) These committed, revolving loan facilities provide the Company's Canadian Operations with up to \$200,000 for working capital and general business purposes. The facilities mature December 31, 2018 and are secured by a floating charge against the assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the US\$70,000 senior notes and the US\$52,000 loan facilities in International Operations. These facilities bear a floating interest rate based on Bankers Acceptances rates plus stamping fees or the Canadian prime interest rate.
- (4) The US\$70,000 senior notes mature on June 15, 2014 and bear interest at a rate of 6.55%, payable semi-annually. The notes are secured by a floating charge against the assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the \$200,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities and the US\$52,000 loan facilities in the International Operations. The Company has entered into interest rate swaps resulting in floating interest costs on US\$28,000 of its senior notes (April 30, 2013 US\$28,000; January 31, 2014 US\$28,000). The interest rate swaps mature June 15, 2014.

9. EMPLOYEE COSTS

	Three Months	Three Months Ended	
	Ended		
	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013	
Wages, salaries and benefits including bonus	\$ 51,994	\$ 48,128	
Post employment benefits	1,769	1,734	
Share-based compensation (Note 12)	741	3,240	

10. INTEREST EXPENSE

	Three Months Ended		Three	e Months
			Ended	
	April	30, 2014	April	30, 2013
Interest on long-term debt	\$	1,810	\$	1,736
Fair value movement of derivative financial instruments in effective fair value hedging relationships		9		10
Net interest on defined benefit plan obligation		195		281
Interest income		(36)		(59)
Less: interest capitalized		(26)		(88)
Interest expense	\$	1,952	\$	1,880

11. INCOMETAXES

The estimated effective income tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2014 is 29.8% (three months ended April 30, 2013 -30.8%). The Company estimates its effective income tax rate on a weighted-average basis by determining the income tax rate applicable to each taxing jurisdiction and applying it to its pre-tax earnings. The difference primarily reflects changes in earnings of the Company's subsidiaries across various tax jurisdictions.

12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company offers the following share-based payment plans: Restricted Share Units (RSUs); Performance Share Units (PSUs); Share Options; Director Deferred Share Units (DSUs); and an Employee Share Purchase Plan. The purpose of these plans is to directly align the interests of the participants and the shareholders of the Company by providing compensation that is dependent on the performance of the Company's common shares.

The total expense relating to share-based payment plans for the three months ended April 30, 2014 is \$741 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - \$3,240). The carrying amount of the Company's share-based compensation arrangements including RSU, PSU, share option and DSU plans are recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2013	January 31, 2014
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 6,919	\$ 10,166	\$ 7,688
Other long-term liabilities	2,820	1,875	6,593
Contributed surplus	2,022	1,669	1,959
Total	\$ 11,761	\$ 13,710	\$ 16,240

Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units

The Company has granted Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units to officers and senior management.

Each RSU entitled the participant to receive a cash payment equal to the market value of the number of notional shares granted at the end of the vesting period. This plan was discontinued in July 2011. All outstanding grants vested January 31, 2014. The RSU account for each participant included the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional RSUs. Compensation expense was measured initially based on the fair market value of the Company's shares at the grant date and subsequently adjusted for additional shares granted based on the reinvestment of notional dividends and the market value of the shares at the end of each reporting period. The associated compensation expense was recognized over the vesting period based on the estimated total compensation to be paid out at the end of the vesting period.

Each PSU entitles the participant to receive a cash payment equal to the market value of the number of notional units granted at the end of the vesting period based on the achievement of specific performance based criteria. The PSU account for each participant includes the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional PSUs. PSU awards vest with the employee on the third fiscal year following the date of the grant to which the award relates. Compensation expense is measured initially based on the fair market value of the Company's shares at the grant date and subsequently adjusted for additional shares granted based on the reinvestment of notional dividends and the market value of the shares at the end of each reporting period. The associated compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period based on the estimated total compensation to be paid out at the end of the vesting period factoring in the probability of the performance criteria being met during that period.

Compensation costs related to the RSUs and PSUs for the three months ended April 30, 2014 are \$399 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - \$1,860).

Share Option Plan

The Company has a Share Option Plan that provides for the granting of options to certain officers and senior management. Options are granted at fair market value based on the volume weighted-average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days preceding the grant date. Effective June 14, 2011, the Share Option Plan was amended and restated. The amendments afford the Board of Directors the discretion to award options giving the holder the choice, upon exercise, to either deduct a portion of all dividends declared after the grant date from the options exercise price or to exercise the option at the strike price specified at the grant date. Each option is exercisable into one share of the Company at the price specified in the terms of the option, or the employee may elect to acquire shares or receive a cash payment based on the excess of the fair market value of the Company's shares over the exercise price. The fair value of the share-based compensation is recognized in net earnings over the vesting period.

The maximum number of shares available for issuance is a fixed number set at 4,354,020, representing 9% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares at April 30, 2014. Fair value of the Company's options is determined using an option pricing model. Share options granted vest on a graduated basis over five years and are exercisable over a period of seven to ten years. The share option compensation cost recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2014 is \$60 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - \$593).

The fair values for options issued during the three months ended April 30 were calculated based on the following assumptions:

	2014	2013
Fair value of options granted	\$ 3.14 to 4.43	\$ 3.28 to 4.46
Exercise price	\$ 24.79	\$ 23.21
Dividend yield	4.6%	4.4%
Annual risk-free interest rate	1.1% to 1.6%	1.3% to 1.4%
Expected share price volatility	23.7%	26.0%

The assumptions used to measure cash settled options at April 30 were as follows:

	2014	2013
Dividend yield	4.8%	4.4%
Annual risk-free interest rate	1.1% to 1.8%	1.0% to 1.3%
Expected share price volatility	19.0% to 24.3%	20.1% to 25.5%

The expected dividend yield is estimated based on the quarterly dividend rate and the closing share price on the date the options are granted. The expected share price volatility is estimated based on the Company's historical volatility over a period consistent with the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate is estimated based on the Government of Canada bond yield for a term to maturity equal to the expected life of the options.

The following continuity schedules reconcile the movement in outstanding options during the three months ended April 30:

Number of options outstanding	Declining Strik	Declining Strike Price Options				
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Outstanding options, beginning of period	896,694	580,015	526,380	556,932		
Granted	355,795	316,679	36,631	67,580		
Exercised	<u> </u>		(6,167)	(58,966)		
Outstanding options, end of period	1,252,489	896,694	556,844	565,546		
Exercisable at end of period	_	_	192,268	72,000		

Weighted-average exercise price	Declining Strike Price Options					Standard Options		
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Outstanding options, beginning of period	\$	21.86	\$	21.12	\$	19.10	\$	18.07
Granted		24.79		23.21		24.79		23.21
Exercised						16.69		15.62
Outstanding options, end of period	\$	22.75	\$	21.86	\$	19.50	\$	18.94
Exercisable at end of period	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17.81	\$	18.80

Options outstanding at April 30, 2014 have an exercise price range of \$15.25 to \$24.79 and a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 5.6 years.

Director Deferred Share Unit Plan

The Director DSU Plan is available for independent Directors. Participants are credited with deferred share units based on the portion of fees each participant elects to allocate to the DSU. Each DSU entitles the holder to receive a share of the Company. The DSUs are exercisable by the holder at any time but no later than December 31 of the first calendar year commencing after the holder ceases to be a Director. A participant may elect at the time of exercise of any DSUs, subject to the consent of the Company, to have the Company pay an amount in cash equal to the aggregate current market value of the shares, determined based on the closing price of the shares on the TSX on the trading day preceding the exercise date, in consideration for the surrender by the participant to the Company the right to receive shares from exercising the DSUs.

Compensation expense is measured based on the fair market value at each reporting date. The DSU plan compensation recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2014 is a recovery of \$98 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - expense of \$415). The total number of DSUs outstanding at April 30, 2014 is 148,861 (April 30, 2013 – 140,837). There were no DSUs exercised during the three months ended April 30, 2014 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - NIL).

Employee Share Purchase Plan

The Employee Share Purchase Plan provides participants with the opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in the Company. The Company contributes an additional 33% of the amount invested, subject to a maximum annual contribution of 2% of the participants' base salary. The plan is administered by a trustee who uses the funds received to purchase shares on the TSX on behalf of the participating employees. These shares are registered in the name of the plan trustee on behalf of the participants. The Company's contribution to the plan is recorded as compensation expense. The employee share purchase plan compensation recorded for the three months ended April 30, 2014 is \$380 (three months ended April 30, 2013 - \$372).

13. SEASONALITY

The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns. As a result, a disproportionate amount of total revenues and earnings are typically earned in the fourth quarter. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on markdown activity in key sales periods to reduce excess inventories. Net earnings are historically lower in the first quarter due to lower sales and fixed costs such as rent and overhead that apply uniformly throughout the year.

14. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company's principal operating subsidiaries are set out below:

Proportion of voting rights held by:

	Activity	Country of Organization	Company	Subsidiary
NWC GP Inc.	General Partner	Canada	100%	
North West Company Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	Canada	100%	
The North West Company LP	Retailing	Canada	100%	(less one unit)
NWC (U.S.) Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	United States		100%
The North West Company (International) Inc.	Retailing	United States		100%
The North West Finance Company Cooperatie U.A.	Finance Company	Netherlands	99%	1%

The investment in joint ventures comprises a 50% interest in a Canadian Arctic shipping company, Transport Nanuk Inc.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Accounting classifications and fair value estimation

The following table comprises the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments. Financial instruments are either carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method or fair value.

The Company uses a three-level hierarchy to categorize financial instruments carried at fair value as follows:

- Level 1 Fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments
- Level 2 Fair values measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs, other than those included in Level 1
- Level 3 Fair values measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data

These amounts represent point-in-time estimates and may not reflect fair value in the future. These calculations are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and are a matter of significant judgment.

Cash	Maturity Short-term	Assets (Liabilities) carried at amortized cost				Assets (Liabilities) carried at fair value	
		Carrying amount		Fair value		Carrying amount	
		\$	35,495	\$	35,495	\$	_
Accounts receivable	Short-term		65,426		65,426		_
Other financial assets	Long-term		1,216		1,216		_
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Short-term		(123,714)		(123,714)		_
Financial derivative instruments ⁽¹⁾	Long-term		_		_		92
Current portion of long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	Short-term		(76,820)		(76,712)		_
Long-term debt	Long-term		(131,749)		(131,749)		_

⁽¹⁾ These items total \$76,728 which comprise the carrying amount of debt presented as current (Note 8).

The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

- The fair value of short-term financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to their immediate or short-term period to maturity. Any differences between fair value and book values of short-term financial instruments are considered to be insignificant.
- The fair value of debt with fixed interest rates is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current risk-free interest rate on an instrument with similar terms adjusted for an appropriate risk premium for the Company's credit profile.
- The derivative financial instruments have been measured using a generally accepted valuation technique. The pricing model incorporates current market measures for interest rates, credit spreads, volatility levels and other market-based pricing factors.

The portion of long-term debt in an effective fair value hedging relationship and derivative financial instruments are classified as Level 2, as they are primarily derived from observable interest rates. There would be no significant effect on net income if one or more of the assumptions used to fair value these instruments were changed to other reasonably possible alternatives. No financial instruments have been classified as Level 1 or Level 3.

Financial derivative instruments

The Company holds interest rate swaps with a notional value of US\$28,000 (April 30, 2013 - US\$28,000; January 31, 2014 - US\$28,000) to hedge a portion of the fixed rate senior notes due in June 2014. Under the terms of the swaps, the Company receives fixed interest and pays floating rate interest at a fixed spread above three-month LIBOR.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 11, 2014, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.29 per common share payable July 15, 2014 to shareholders of record on June 30, 2014.